

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to the UN GHS revision 8

		Version: 1.0 Creation Date: July 15, 2024 Revision Date: July 15, 2024		
1.	Identification			
1.1	GHS Product identifier			
Produ	ict name	4-Aminobenzoic acid		
1.2	Other means of identific	ation		
	ict number names	A70015		
1.3	Recommended use of th	ne chemical and restrictions on use		
	Identified uses	Industrial and scientific research uses.		
	Uses advised against	no data available		
1.4	Supplier's details			
	Company	Tianjin Psaitong Biomedical Technology Co., Ltd		
		Beijing Psaitong Biotechnology Co., Ltd		
	Address	Building 145, Yougu New Science Park, Qingguang Town, Beichen District, Tianjin City		
	Tel/Fax	+86-10-60605840		
1.5	Emergency phone numb	ber		
	Emergency phone number	+86-10-60605840		
	Service hours	Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone: UTC/GMT +8 hours).		
2.	Hazard identification			
2.1	Classification of the substance or mixture			
	Acute toxicity - Oral, Category 4 Eye irritation, Category 2			
2.2	GHS label elements, including precautionary statements			
	Pictogram(s)			
	Signal word	Warning		
	Hazard statement(s)	H302 Harmful if swallowed		
		H319 Causes serious eye irritation		
	Precautionary statement(s)			
	Prevention	P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.		
		P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		
	Response	P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/if you feel unwell.		

	P330 Rinse mouth.
	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	none
Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in
	accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of
	disposal.

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
4-aminobenzoic acid	4-aminobenzoic acid	150-13-0	205-753-0	100%

4. First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Medical attention is required. Consult a doctor. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

SYMPTOMS: Large doses by mouth can cause nausea, vomiting, skin rash, methemoglobimemia and possibly toxic hepatitis. ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: Toxic. Hazardous decomposition products. (NTP, 1992)

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Poisons A and B

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Advice for firefighters: Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 deg C. Air and light sensitive.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Solid. Powder.
Colour	White to tan.

Odour	Odorless	
Melting point/ freezing point	187 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 atm.	
Boiling point or initial boiling poin	it 307.5 °C. Atm. press.:1 atm.	
and boiling range		
Flammability	no data available	
Lower and upper explosion limit /	no data available	
flammability limit		
Flash point	171 °C. Atm. press.:1 atm.	
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available	
Decomposition temperature	no data available	
рН	pH (0.5% solution): 3.5	
Kinematic viscosity	no data available	
Solubility	>20.6 [ug/mL]	
Partition coefficient n-	log Pow = 0.96. Temperature:25 °C. Remarks:QSAR.	
octanol/water		
Vapour pressure	Ca. 0 Pa. Temperature:25 °C.	
Density and/or relative density	1.37 g/cm ³ . Temperature:20 °C.	
Relative vapour density	no data available	
Particle characteristics	no data available	

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No rapid reaction with air. No rapid reaction with water.

10.2 Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

P-AMINOBENZOIC ACID is incompatible with ferric salts and oxidizing agents. (NTP, 1992)

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 rat (male/female) > 6 000 mg/kg bw.
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

Classification of carcinogenicity: 1) evidence in humans: No adequate data; 2) evidence in animals: Inadequate. Overall summary evaluation of carcinogenic risk to humans is Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. From table

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: LC50 1 041 mg/L 96 h.
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: LC50 Daphnia sp. 10.032 mg/L 48 h.
- Toxicity to algae: EC50 27.631 mg/L 96 h.
- Toxicity to microorganisms: IGC50 Tetrahymena pyriformis 487 mg/L 48 h.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: 4-Aminobenzoic acid was decomposed by soil microflora using fill and draw operations at 20 deg C. Using adapted activated sludge as the inoculum and 14C-labeled 4-aminobenzoic acid as the sole carbon source, 96.2% chemical oxygen demand removal was observed with a rate of 12.5 mg chemical oxygen demand/g dry inoculum/hr. A lag period for degradation of 16 mg/L was observed for wastewater or soil at pH 7.3 and 30 deg C. At 100 mg/L of test sample, no inhibition of ammonia oxidation by Nitrosomonas species was observed.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for 4-aminobenzoic acid(SRC), using a log Kow of 0.83(1) and a regression-derived equation(1). According to a classification scheme(2), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

12.4 Mobility in soil

In a Chernozem soil of pH 7.5, the Koc of 4-aminobenzoic acid was determined to be 19.9(1). Using OECD Guideline 106 and three different soils of pH values of 2.8, 6.7 and 7.1, 4-aminobenzoic acid was found to have respective Koc values of 239, 46 and 55(2). A measured log Koc of 2.5 has been reported for 4-aminobenzoic acid(3) which corresponds to a Koc of 316. According to a classification scheme(4), these Koc values suggests that 4-aminobenzoic acid is expected to have very high to moderate mobility in soil. The pKa values of 4-aminobenzoic acid are 2.38 (acid group)(5) and 4.85 (amino group)(6), indicating that this compound will exist almost entirely in the anion form in the environment and anions generally do not adsorb more strongly to soils containing organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts(7). However, aromatic amines are expected to bind strongly to humus or organic matter in soils due to the high reactivity of the aromatic amino group(8,9), suggesting that mobility may be much lower in some soils(SRC).

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14. Transport information

14.1 UN Number

	ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name		
	ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)		
	ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
14.4	Packing group, if applicable		
	ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
14.5	Environmental hazards		
	ADR/RID: No	IMDG: No	IATA: No
14.6	Special precautions for user		

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

no data available

15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
4-aminobenzoic acid	4-aminobenzoic acid	150-13-0	205-753-0
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			
EC Inventory			Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)			Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory			Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)			Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)			Listed.

16. Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	July 15, 2024
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Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

• ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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